

Conductor's Score

(Revised 8/8/23)

Symphony for Band

*Commissioned by and dedicated to Robert Grechesky, Butler University;
Harvey Benstein, Campolindo High School; Gary Ciepluch, Case Western Reserve University;
Craig Pare, DePauw University; Mike Niemec, Hamilton Southeastern High School;
Stephen Pratt, Indiana University; Frank Tracz, Kansas State University; Randy Greenwell & Matt James,
Lawrence Central High School; Thomas McCauley, Montclair State University; Russ Mikkelson,
Ohio State University; Jay Gephart, Purdue University; James Spinazzola, University of Indianapolis;
Carolyn Barber, University of Nebraska; and Scott Teeple, University of Wisconsin-Madison*

by
James A. Beckel Jr.

Orchestration for "Symphony for Band"

1 Piccolo

2 Flutes

2 Oboes

1 English Horn in F

2 Bassoons

3 B_b Clarinets

1 B_b Bass Clarinet

1 B_b Contabass Clarinet

2 E_b Alto Saxes

1 B_b Tenor Sax

1 E_b Baritone Sax

4 B_b Trumpets

4 Horns in F

3 Trombones

2 Baritones

2 Tubas

1 String Bass (Optional)

1 Timpani

4 Percussion

(If possible, these 4 percussion parts will require 5 players)

(See page 65 of score for details regarding this.)

I would like to give special thanks to Robert Grechesky, Director of Bands and former Professor of Music at Butler University for creating this Consortium of Bands which made the creation of this work possible.

Duration: 18 Minutes

About the Work

"Symphony for Band" could be easily subtitled "Passages" as this work represents the passages of life that most of us travel through during our lifetimes. The first movement is representative of the carefree nature of childhood and is in the normal sonata allegro form. The a theme enters at letter A with the second, b theme, occurring at letter G. The development section begins at letter O with the recapitulation occurring at letter V.

The second movement is more somber in nature and for me represents the loss of a loved one. In my case this occurred with the passing of my parents, whom I loved dearly. I, in fact, would like to dedicate this movement to their memory. For me, the famous sonnet by John Donne entitled "Death, Be Not Proud" embodies the second movement. The opening theme of this movement, letter Cc, is the death theme, and to me represents the absolute nature of death in this life. The music that follows at letter Dd portrays the emotions and memories of the loved ones left behind. The death theme occurs three times in this movement portraying the inevitable consequence of life's battle against time. The theme is always slightly different with the final statement of the unavoidable at letter Ii, measure 414 to 417, being the most defiant, suggesting, as does John Donne's poem, that in the end, death itself will die.

The final movement of this work is by far the most intense. In everyone's life there are moments that challenge us to our core beliefs. The opening section to this final movement represents such challenges and threats with the opening unison trumpet theme. The form of this final movement is basically a theme and variations. The opening theme builds to an ultimate climax at letter Oo. The pastoral nature of the music that follows this climax at Oo represents the return to reason as one deals with one's demons in life. The coda section of the final movement brings back the b theme from the opening movement at letter Tt which culminates this work in one's triumph over life with a major tonality being clearly stated in measure 621.

Performance Notes from the Composer

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"*Symphony for Band*" was written as a showpiece for concert band. The work explores a wide variety of textures and colors from intensely loud to intimately soft and soloistic, and was meant to show off the wide range of timbre and style within a band. Each movement is contrasting in nature and sentiment, as mentioned in the notes **About the Work**.

The first movement is meant to be exuberant and joyful, expressing the energy and optimism of youth. It should be noted that the opening introduction, *measure 1* to letter **A** can be played slightly more aggressively than the actual *A theme* that first occurs at letter **A**. I have marked the *A theme* and accompaniment at letter **A** as *poco leggiero* to indicate this subtle difference. The *A theme* should have a lightness to it while still being jubilant. The *B theme* of this first movement, which begins at letter **G**, is meant to dramatically contrast the *A theme*. Letter **G** should be in stark contrast to the music that has come before it. (Contrasting the difference between these two musical ideas will help this 1st movement be multi-dimensional.) For the first time at letter **G** of this work, the music gets quiet and showcases the woodwind section in a chorale setting. Please note that the music slows down only slightly. The tempo markings that I have indicated in the score are really my preference. I certainly welcome your interpretation and variance of these markings, but the motion of the music is meant to flow here at letter **G**. If you slow down too much, the music will get muddy. This *B theme* is used extensively in this work and should always maintain some semblance of a hymn or chorale. For me, this melody represents the journey of life itself and is stated in many different orchestrations throughout the piece conveying a new sentiment every time that it is heard. The most intimate version of this theme is here at letter **G**. From letter **G** to letter **N** the theme continues to grow in orchestration and inspiration until its climax at letter **N**. The recapitulation of this first movement begins at letter **V** with the *B theme* once again stated now in its grandest form yet. The development section begins at letter **O** with the return of fragments of the *A theme*. This whole section should be very *leggiero* and soloistic for the woodwind section. This development section goes into a waltz at letter **Q** and is a rhythmic play of the hemiola nature of 6/8 versus 3/4. I have marked a *poco accelerando* going into letter **Q**. If you feel that the *poco accelerando* complicates the transition from 6/8/ to 3/4 you can delay this *accel.*, but I meant for this waltz to flow in one and be quite light on its feet. The switch from 6/8/ to 3/4 should, however, be seamless. You should also note that at the end of this waltz section, two measures before letter **V**, we have a duple rhythm in those two bars that seamlessly sets up the tempo for the 12/8 section that follows at letter **V**. The recapitulation begins in reverse form with the *B theme* heard first at letter **V**. The *A theme* in this recapitulation returns at letter **X**. All of the comments that I made earlier regarding this material applies here. The *subito mezzo piano* marking at *measure 299*, as well as the same music at *measure 45*, gives the band an opportunity to show off their nimbleness and helps to keep this theme light hearted. One of the most extreme contrasts of the volume of sound back to back occurs in the final 9 measures of this first movement. Notice that the eighth-note pattern at *measure 335* is marked *fortissimo* and *energico* while the music, four measures later at letter **Bb**, is marked *gentile* and *mezzo forte* which leads into the heavy short accents of the notes in the last two measures of the movement performed with crescendo and accelerando. These final measures of the first movement encompass many of the moods heard in this opening movement to "*Symphony for Band*." The exuberance of the descending eighth-note line (*measure 335*), which has been transition music throughout the movement, is quickly contrasted in *measure 338* by the quiet introspected statement of the *B theme* as initially heard at letter **G** and followed immediately in *measure 342* by the snappy downbeat eighth notes that opened the work in its introduction before letter **A**.

The second movement of this work showcases the band in a different light. This entire movement is more about phrases than time and should dominate your approach to the work. Feel free to stretch beats in this movement. Let the musical thought of the phrases dominate your thinking. The opening to this movement is very solemn and soft. It represents death approaching. Note that the *tenuto* markings have been accompanied with the marking of *molto legato*. These notes need to be seamless and totally connected. The realization that death is near is represented in the music with the grace noted half notes first heard in *measure 358*. This theme is meant to portray the undeniable absoluteness of our mortality. This music is heightened by the gradual crescendo into the death theme. Hence, the music from letter **Cc** to one measure before letter **Dd** needs to continuously grow. As instruments enter, they need to sneak into the overall texture of the band. The full orchestration of this death theme, *measure 358-359*, needs to be overpowering but still full and dark in a blended homogeneous sound imitating a large cathedral organ. This music occurs here and at letter **Ii**, and the death theme is also stated again in *measures 369-370*. The music from letter **Ee** to three measures before letter **Hh** features the woodwind section in a solo type setting and is meant to be very expressive. Except for the *molto rit.* in *measure 389-390* however, the music between letter **Ff** to the *Largo Lacrimoso* before letter **Hh** should be performed in time, without rubato, to accomodate the contrapuntal texture of this dreamlike section. This passage is reflective in nature as one reviews their memories of their loved one now deceased. The music at letter **Hh** represents the remorse of leaving this world. It should be noted that the most violent protest of death in the music occurs in *measures 416-417*. The theme is then quietly echoed in the last three measures of this movement implying the acceptance of man's mortality and what lies beyond. (see John Donne's poem, pg. 4)

The final movement is very intense and in total contrast to the ending of the second movement. The entrance of the trumpets and percussion should be stunning but not over blown. While the second movement focused on phrasing, this movement requires intense rhythmic accuracy to be effective. The entire opening of this movement needs to be loud and exciting and yet there needs to be the overall architecture which gives the listener a sense of the intensity of the music continuing to increase from the opening of this movement to letter **Oo**. The largest contrast in this symphony for band occurs here at letter **Oo**, going from fortissimo tutti band orchestration to one quiet flute solo. The opening music of the final movement to letter **Oo** represents a heartless society where the individual human matters not. This cold, mechanized society is reflected in the unrelenting drive of the music's rhythm and loud dynamics. The music at letter **Oo** is one voice speaking out for humanity. You could think of this as Nietzsche's existentialist view of the world versus religion. While the melodic theme is the same as the music you just heard at the beginning of this movement, the emotional message of this theme is entirely different at letter **Oo**. This flute solo takes us to letter **Pp**, which is the most tranquil moment in the symphony. Here, our life's journeyman is at peace with the world and their life, having

denounced the philosophy of a heartless world and now pleads for others to follow them in their prayer for piece. This plea for humanity is represented in the music beginning at *measure 527*. This plea occurs three times and is marked *appassionato*. Every time this phrase is repeated here it should grow in volume and expression, which leads us into the contrasting ***Presto*** at letter **Qq**. The music from here to the end of the work allows for the return of many themes in the symphony. The emotional intent at letter **Qq** is that life goes on with its challenges and rewards. The descending transition music from the first movement returns in *measures 548-549* and *564-565* portraying life's interruptions that are now thrown off by our more mature person, as represented by the final 4 eighth notes of *measure 567* played in a jubilant style. This music leads us into letter **Uu** where the *B theme* of the first movement returns in *celebration of life itself* to conclude the work.

I should comment on my articulation markings to clarify any questions that you might have. There is always some question in music regarding the ends of slurs. Should the last note of a slur be shown, *i.e.* shortened? If I want the last note of slur passage clipped or shortened I will mark it with a staccato articulation. Slur endings without the staccato should not be shortened. When I want a long phrase over several slurs, I will add a dotted slur over the longer passage to indicate the continuous connection of those notes under the dotted slur. As an example of this look at *measure 267* in the French horns. I want to hear the hemiola rhythm within a very sustained eighth-note pattern. Regarding various accents, the > marking means accented but not short. There are several places in this work where I have added the term *marcato sostenuto* to indicate specifically that I want the notes accented but totally sustained. By contrast, when I use the ^ marking, the notes are to be short and heavily accented. For me, the *tenuto* marking is an indication of length not accent, although there are places where the *tenuto* marking is meant to indicate a slight weight to the beginning of the note. This usually occurs over a slur. When I want no added emphasis to the note, just length, I have marked the passage as *molto legato*. The opening of the second movement is a good example of this style. Throughout this movement where I have marked *molto legato*, I want no weight to the attacks. In fact, this music must be very smooth and connected. I have at times also added the dotted slur line over *tenuto* markings to indicate a phrase that is connected and sung. An example of where the *tenuto* marking indicates a subtle, light weight attack to the beginning of the note is measures 419-420. Here, I have marked the *tenuto* articulation on the 3rd note of the indicated four-note phrase in the woodwinds. All four notes are connected, but the 3rd note is rearticulated. I know that much of this is obvious, but I wanted to address this issue so that there is no misunderstanding of my articulation markings.

The percussion instruments required to perform this work include the following: **snare drum, bass drum, crash cymbals, suspended cymbal, bell tree, mark tree, small triangle, tam-tam, xylophone, bells, vibraphone, and timpani**. It is my preference that the bass drum be a large drum with a drumhead that is not too tight. The bass drum should have a deep, low sound. Also, the tam-tam should be a large, very low, dark sounding gong. The snare drum should be crisp, not a piccolo snare, but a drum that has great clarity to it.

Regarding instrumentation, I should mention that it is possible to perform this work without the String Bass, Contra Bass Clarinet, and English Horn. You will note that many optional English Horn cues appear in the score and are in the appropriate parts. Writing for band is always a challenge for composers since you never know the amount of doubling that will take place. My preference in this regard would be to not double the brass or sax parts. Regarding the woodwinds, I would prefer that there be only one player on the two Bassoon parts, English Horn, and Piccolo. Doubling the Flute parts are fine. Solo and tutti marking shoud be observed. When no marking occurs it is meant to be tutti. In the Clarinets, I guess that my preference would be to have a minimum of two players on a part, hopefully three or more as I have at times divised the Clarinet parts. I assume that in most bands there would also be one player each on Bass Clarinet and Contra Bass Clarinet. This piece, of course, was written for a large band and the amount of doubling that you as a conductor chooses will, of course, be fine with me.

Thank you for programming this work. I hope that these comments have helped you in your study of this piece. For me, the attention to detail is important in good music making. This work provides many opportunities for your band to go beyond the printed page and be a very expressive, in depth, musical ensemble. I hope that you enjoy performing my "*Symphony for Band*." The sonnet from John Donne is printed below.

Death Be Not Proud

*Death , be not proud, though some have called thee
Mighty and dreadful, for thou art not so;
For those whom thou think'st thou dost overthrow,
Die not, poor Death, nor yet canst thou kill me.
From rest and sleep, which but thy pictures be,
Much pleasure; then from thee much more must flow,
And soonest our best men with thee do go,
Rest of their bones, and soul's delivery.
Thou art slave to fate, chance, kings, and desperate men,
And dost with poison, war, and sickness dwell;
And poppy or charms can make us sleep as well
As better than thy stroke; why swell'st thou then?
One short sleep past, we awake eternally,
And death shall be no more; Death, thou shalt die.*

John Donne (1572-1631)

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1st Movement

Allegro jubiloso ♩ = c. 116

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1 2,3,&4

Hn. 1 & 2

Hn. 3 & 4

Trb. 1 & 2

Trb. 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Tim.

Cym.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

(* Dotted Slur Indicates Phrase Marking)

*(Fl. 1, & Oboe 2 remain *f* thru measure 11-13)

A

Picc. *tr* *tr* *tr*

Fl. 1 & 2 *f* *mf* *f* poco leggiero

Ob. 1 & 2 **f* cantabile *f* poco leggiero

E. Hn. *f* poco leggiero

Bsn. 1 & 2 *f* *f* *mf* poco *f*

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2 *f* *div.* *a2* poco leggiero

B♭ Cl. 3 *f* poco leggiero

B. Cl. *f* poco leggiero *mf* poco *f*

C. B. Cl. in B♭ *f* *mf* poco leggiero *mf* poco *f*

A. Sx. 1 & 2 *f* cantabile

T. Sx. *f*

B. Sx. *f*

B♭ Tpt. 1 2,3,&4 *f* cantabile

Hn. 1 & 2 *f*

Hn. 3 & 4 *f* cantabile

Trb. 1 & 2 *f* cantabile

Trb. 3 *f*

Eup. 1&2 *f* *div.*

Tuba 1&2 *f*

Opt. S.B. *f* Pizz. poco leggiero *mf* poco *f*

Tim. *f* Crash Cym. let ring

Cym. *f* dampen choke

Mallets *f*

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr. *f* dampen secco poco leggiero *mf* poco *f*

B

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1 2 & 3

B♭ Tpt. 4

Hn. 1 & 2

Hn. 3 & 4

Trb. 1, 2, & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Timp.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

B

poco leggiero

dampen

Xylophone

dampen

27 **28** **29** **30** **31**

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1 2 & 3

B♭ Tpt. 4

Hn. 1 & 2

Hn. 3 & 4

Trb. 1, 2, & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Tim.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

32 33 34 35 36

7 8 6 8

Picc. *ff* *subito mp* *mf*

Fl. 1 *ff* *subito mp* *mf*

Fl. 2 *ff* *subito mp* *mf*

Ob. 1 *ff* *subito mp* *mf*

Ob. 2 *ff* *subito mp* *mf*

E. Hn. *ff* *subito mp* *mf*

Bsn. 1 & 2 *ff* *mf*

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2 *a2* *ff* *2nd Cl. div. subito mp* *mf*

B♭ Cl. 3 *ff* *subito mp* *mf*

B. Cl. *ff* *mf*

C. B. Cl. in B♭ *ff* *mf*

A. Sx. 1 & 2 *a2* *ff* *subito mp* *mf*

T. Sx. *ff* *mf*

B. Sx. *ff* *mf*

B♭ Tpt. 1 2,3,&4 *ff* *subito mp* *mf*

Hn. 1 & 2 3 & 4 *ff* *subito mp* *mf*

Trb. 1, 2, & 3 *ff* *mf*

Eup. 1&2 *ff*

Tuba 1&2 *ff*

Opt. S.B. *ff*

Mallets *Xylophone* *ff*

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr. *simile* *ff* *subito mp*

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1 2 & 3

B♭ Tpt. 4

Hn. 1 & 2 3 & 4

Trb. 1 & 2

Trb. 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Timp.

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

MUSIC BOOK

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1 2 & 3

B♭ Tpt. 4

Hn. 1 & 2

Hn. 3 & 4

Trb. 1 & 2

Trb. 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Timp.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

E

Picc. *f cantabile*

Fl. 1 & 2 *f cantabile*

Ob. 1 & 2 *a2 f* *mf*

E. Hn. *f*

Bsn. 1 & 2 *f*

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2 *mf*

B♭ Cl. 3 *f cantabile* *f*

B. Cl. *mf*

C. B. Cl. in B♭ *mf*

A. Sx. 1 & 2 *poco leggiero*

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

E

B♭ Tpt. 1 2 & 3 *poco leggiero* *Trp. 1 & 3*

B♭ Tpt. 4 *f*

Hn. 1 & 2 *f*

Hn. 3 & 4 *f*

Trb. 1, 2, & 3 *a3 poco leggiero* *mf* *f* *mf* *f*

Eup. 1&2 *div.* *f*

Tuba 1&2 *poco leggiero* *mf* *f* *mf* *f*

Opt. S.B. *Stay Arco* *poco leggiero* *mf* *f* *mf* *f*

Tim. *dampen* *Xylophone* *poco leggiero* *f* *mf* *f* *Glock.*

Mallets *f*

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr. *dampen* *poco leggiero* *mf* *f* *mf* *f*

Musical score for orchestra, page 18. The score consists of 21 staves, each with a dynamic marking below it. The instruments are listed on the left, and the score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.

- Picc.**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*.
- Fl. 1**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*.
- Fl. 2**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*.
- Ob. 1 & 2**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*. Measure 69 includes a dynamic *a2*.
- E. Hn.**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*.
- Bsn. 1 & 2**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*.
- B♭ Cl. 1 & 2**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*.
- B♭ Cl. 3**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*.
- B. Cl.**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*.
- C. B. Cl. in B♭**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*.
- A. Sx. 1**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*. Measure 69 includes a dynamic *a2*.
- T. Sx.**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*.
- B. Sx.**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*. Measure 69 includes a dynamic *a3*.
- B♭ Tpt. 1 2 & 3**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*.
- B♭ Tpt. 4**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*.
- Hn. 1 & 2 3 & 4**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*. Measure 69 includes a dynamic *a2*.
- Trb. 1, 2, & 3**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*. Measure 69 includes a dynamic *a2* and a glissando instruction.
- Eup. 1&2**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*.
- Tuba 1&2**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*.
- Opt. S.B.**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*.
- Timp.**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*. Measure 65 includes a dynamic *Glock.*, measure 66 includes a dynamic *let ring*, and measure 69 includes a dynamic *Xylophone*.
- Mallets**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*.
- Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.**: Measures 65-69. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*, *mf*, *f*.

F

(always a breath accent under slur)

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

F

B♭ Tpt. 1 2 & 3

B♭ Tpt. 4

Hn. 1 & 2 3 & 4

Trb. 1, 2, & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Tim.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

Xylophone

piu f

f

a2

f

f

p

p

f

f

mp

f

mp

p

p

p

p

p

p

p

p

dampen

dampen

dampen

poco ritard.....

Picc. *mf* *f* *ff*

Fl. 1 & 2 *mf* *f* *ff*

Ob. 1 & 2 *f* *ff*

E. Hn. *f* *ff*

Bsn. 1 & 2 *f* *f* *ff*

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2 *f* *f* *ff* *soli with hns.*

B♭ Cl. 3 *mf* *f* *ff* *soli with hns.*

B. Cl. *f* *ff*

C. B. Cl. in B♭ *f* *ff*

A. Sx. 1 & 2 *mf* *f* *ff*

T. Sx. *f* *ff*

B. Sx. *mf* *f* *ff*

poco ritard.....

B♭ Tpt. 1 2 & 3 *mf* *Trp. 1* *ff*

B♭ Tpt. 4 *f* *ff*

Hn. 1 & 2 3 & 4 *f* *a2 (f)* *soli* *ff*

Trb. 1 & 2 *f* *ff*

Trb. 3 *f* *ff*

Eup. 1 & 2 *f* *ff*

Tuba 1&2 *f* *ff*

Opt. S.B. *simile* *f* *ff*

Tim. *f dampen* *ff dampen*

Cym. *Xylophone* *Tam-tam* *mf*

Mallets *mf* *f* *ff*

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr. *mf* *f* *ff*

poco ritard.....

G Poco meno mosso $\text{♩} = \text{c. } 112$

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2
B♭ Cl. 3
B. Cl.
C. B. Cl. in B♭
Hn. 1 & 2
3 & 4
Tuba 1&2
Opt. S.B.
Tim.
Cym.
Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

mf *pp* *pp cantabile*
soli with tuba
niente
pp
niente
(Hn. 1 & 3)
(Hn. 2 & 4)
mf
soli with contrabass Cl. (One Player)
mf *pp*
niente
pp
secco hard sticks
Tam-tam
mp
pp dampen
Mark Tree
mp
let ring
let ring

80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87

Picc.
Fl. 1 & 2
Ob. 1
Ob. 2
Bsn. 1 & 2
B♭ Cl. 1 & 2
B♭ Cl. 3
B. Cl.
Opt. S.B.

mp
pp *p*
pp
pp
mp
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp

solo
pp
p
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp
pp

88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95

H

96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103

104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

A. Sx. 1

Hn. 1

I

Picc. *soli*

Fl. 1 *mp delicate soli*

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2 *p cantabile*

B♭ Cl. 3 *p cantabile*

B. Cl. *soli*

B. Cl. in B♭ *mp* *p solo* *pp*

T. Sx. *English Horn Cue*

Hn. 1 *p* *niente*

Hn. 2 *2nd Hn. Soli*

Eup. 1&2 *mp* *p* *niente* *solo (One Player)*

Tuba 1&2 *mp* *p* *pp* *pp* *solo (One Player)*

Opt. S.B.

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

J

Picc. *p*

Fl. 1 *p cantabile*

Fl. 2 *p cantabile*

Ob. 1 *p cantabile*

Ob. 2 *p cantabile*

E. Hn. *p*

Bsn. 1 & 2 *pp*

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2 *Cl. 1 div.* *pp*

B♭ Cl. 3 *pp*

B. Cl. *pp*

B. Cl. in B♭ *pp*

A. Sx. 1 & 2 *p*

T. Sx. *p*

B. Sx. *p*

B♭ Tpt. 1 2,3,&4 *Trp. I* *p*

(Hn. 1 & 2) *p*

Hn. 1 & 2 3 & 4 *p*

Trb. 1, 2, & 3 *p*

Eup. 1&2 *(One Player)* *p*

(One Player) *pp*

Tuba 1&2 *solo (One Player)* *pp*

solo (One Player) *pp*

Opt. S.B. *p*

pp

Timp. *p*

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr. *p*

126 *p* 127 128 129 130 131 132 133

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3 & 4

Hn. 1 & 2
3 & 4

Trb. 1 & 2

Trb. 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Tim.

Cym.

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

M

158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3 & 4

(Hn. 1 & 3)

Hn. 1 & 3

(Hn. 2 & 4 a2 Soli)

Hn. 2 & 4

Trb. 1 & 2

Trb. 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Timp.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174

N

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1 2,3,&4

Hn. 1 & 3
(Hn. 1 & 3)

Hn. 2 & 4
soli (Hn. 2 & 4)

Trb. 1 & 2

Trb. 3

Eup. 1&2
div.

Tuba 1&2
div. soli

Opt. S.B.
ff

Timp.

Cym.
Crash Cym. let ring

Mallets
Glockenspiel

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.
ff let ring

175 176 177 178 179 180 181

poco accel.

O A tempo ♩ = c. 116

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1 solo

Ob. 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Cl. 3 English Horn Cue

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

O A tempo ♩ = c. 116

B♭ Tpt. 1, 2, 3, & 4

Hn. 1 & 2, 3 & 4

Trb. 1, 2, & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B. Pizz.

Becky MUSIC

R

221 222 223 224 225 226

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1
2,3,&4

Hn. 1 & 2

Hn. 3 & 4

Trb. 1 & 2

Trb. 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Mallets

Glock.

leggiero

mp

mf

mp

leggiero

mp

mf

mp

leggiero

mp

a2

mp

mp

leggiero

mp

mf *Hn. 2*

mp

mf *leggiero*

mf *leggiero*

a2 *tutti*

mf *leggiero*

Pizz.

mf *leggiero*

mf *leggiero*

poco accel.

T

Picc. *mf*

Fl. 1 *mf*

Fl. 2 *mf*

Ob. 1 *mf*

Ob. 2 *mf*

E. Hn. *mf*

Bsn. 1 & 2 *mf*

B♭ Cl. 1 *mf*

B♭ Cl. 2 & 3 *mf*

B. Cl. *f*

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2 *(mf)*

T. Sx. *mf*

B. Sx. *mf*

poco accel.

T

B♭ Tpt. 1 *mf*

B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3 *mp* *mf*

B♭ Tpt. 4 *mf*

Hn. 1 & 3 *mf*

Hn. 2 & 4 *mf*

Trb. 1, 2, & 3 *mf*

Eup. 1&2 *mf*

Tuba 1&2 *mf*

Opt. S.B. *Pizz.*

Cym. *mf*

Mallets

Crash Cym. *let ring*

Xylophone

U gradual più mosso poco a poco.....

Picc. *f*

Fl. 1 *f*

Fl. 2 *f*

Ob. 1 *f*

Ob. 2 *f*

E. Hn. *f*

Bsn. 1 & 2 *f*

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2 *f*

B♭ Cl. 3 *f*

B. Cl. *f*

C. B. Cl. in B♭ *f*

A. Sx. 1 & 2 *f*

T. Sx. *f*

B. Sx. *f*

U *gradual piu mosso poco a poco.....*

B♭ Tpt. 1 *f*

B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3 *f*

B♭ Tpt. 4 *f*

Hn. 1 & 2 *f*

(Hn. 1 & 3) *mf*

(Hn. 2 & 4) *a2*

Hn. 3 & 4 *mf*

f

poco f

Trb. 1 & 2 *f*

Trb. 3 *f*

Eup. 1&2 *f*

Tuba 1&2 *f*

Pizz.

Opt. S.B. *f*

Mallets *Xylophone* *f*

continued accel....

(d.=d.)

(d.=d.)

6 8 12 8

6 8 12 8

continued accel....

(d.=d.)

div. ▲

Arco

Pizz.

Arco

Pizz.

Arco

f

V Allegro energico ($\text{♩} = \text{c. } 136$)

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1 2,3,&4

Hn. 1 & 2

Hn. 3 & 4

Trb. 1

Trb. 2 & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Tim.

Cym.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

271 272 273 274 275 276

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1 2,3,&4

Hn. 1 & 2

Hn. 3 & 4

Trb. 1

Trb. 2 & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Timp.

Cym.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

282 283 284 285 286 287

molto rit...

Allegro jubiloso ♩ = c. 116

8

X

Allegro jubiloso ♩ = c. 116

— A

Picc. *tr* *non tr* *mf* *f*

Fl. 1 & 2 *tr* *non tr* *a2* *f*

Ob. 1 & 2 *tr* *non tr* *mf* *f*

E. Hn. *mf* *f* *mp* *(mp)*

Bsn. 1 & 2 *f* *mf* *f* *mp* *f*

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2 *tr* *non tr* *mf* *f*

B♭ Cl. 3 *tr* *non tr* *mf* *f*

B. Cl. *mf* *f* *mp* *f*

C. B. Cl. in B♭ *mf* *f* *mp* *f*

A. Sx. 1 & 2 *f* *mf* *f* *mp* *f* *poco leggiero*

T. Sx. *f* *mp* *f*

B. Sx. *f* *mf* *f* *mp* *f*

B♭ Tpt. 1 2 & 3 *f* *f* *poco leggiero*

B♭ Tpt. 4 *mf* *f* *mp* *f*

Hn. 1 & 2 *f*

Hn. 3 & 4 *mp* *f*

Trb. 1 & 2 *a2* *f* *mp* *f* *mf* *poco leggiero*

Trb. 3 *f* *mf* *f* *mp* *f* *mf*

Eup. 1 & 2 *f* *mf* *f* *mp* *f* *poco leggiero*

Tuba 1&2 *f* *mf* *f* *mp* *f* *mf*

Opt. S.B. *Pizz.* *f* *mf* *f* *Arco* *V* *Pizz.* *poco leggiero*

Timpani *f* *mf* *f* *Xylophone* *dampen* *poco leggiero*

Mallets *f*

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr. *f* *dampen* *poco leggiero*

Z *soli* *f cantabile* *a2 soli* *f cantabile*

Z *f*

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3

B♭ Tpt. 4

Hn. 1 & 2
3 & 4

(Hn. 1 & 3)
(Hn. 2 & 4)

Trb. 1 & 2

Trb. 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Pizz.

Timpani

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

(ϕ Energico is a reference to emphasis not tempo)

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1 2,3,&4

Hn. 1 & 2 3 & 4

Trb. 1 & 2

Trb. 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Timp.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

dampen

Xylophone

332 333 334 335 336 337

Conductor's Score

(LAST 3 NOTES SHOULD BE VERY MARCATO
AND SHORT IN CONTRAST TO THE GENTIL
MARKING AT LETTER Aa)

53

2nd Movement

Molto Sostenuto

(*If using more than one player on Picc.,
Fls., Oboes, Eng. Hn., & Bsns. Please
follow tutti and solo markings as printed.)

(* Dotted Slur Indicates Phrase Marking)

Largo lagrimoso ♩ = c. 42

**(Fl., Ob. 1, Eng. Hn., Cl. 1, Trp. 2, Hn. 3
cresc. thru entire bar here)*

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1 & 2

B♭ Tpt. 3 & 4

Hn. 1 & 2

Hn. 3 & 4

Trb. 1

Trb. 2 & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Tim.

Cym.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

poco ritard.....

Trp. 2 molto legato-non vibrato

non vibrato

molto legato

simile

Vibrphone

Crash Cym.

dampen

poco ritard.....

Dd A tempo $\text{♩} = \text{c. } 42$

Picc.

Fl. 1: *A piacere*, *with vibrato*, *mf* *espressivo*, *poco f*, (* Dotted Slur Indicates Phrase Marking), *solo*, *p*, *mf*, *3*

Fl. 2: *mf* *with vibrato*

Ob. 1

Ob. 2: *mf* *with vibrato*, *mp*, *3*

E. Hn.: *mf* *with vibrato*, *solosolo*, *mf* *with vibrato*, *3*

Bsn. 1 & 2: *mf* *with vibrato*, *solosolo*, *3*

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2: *mf* *solosolo*, *3*

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

Dd A tempo $\text{♩} = \text{c. } 42$

B♭ Tpt. 1 2,3,&4

Hn. 1 & 2: *pp*

Hn. 3 & 4: *pp*

Trb. 1, 2, & 3

Eup. 1&2: *°1 (One Player) quasi hn.*, *pp*

Tuba 1&2: *°1 (One Player) quasi hn.*, *pp*

Opt. S.B.

(* Dotted Slur Indicates Phrase Marking)

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1

A. Sx. 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3 & 4

Hn. 1 & 2

Hn. 3 & 4

Trb. 1

Trb. 2 & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Cym.

(One Player)

Sus. Cym. Soft Mallets

let ring

dolce

< mf

363

364

365

366

(* Dotted Slur Indicates Phrase Marking)

poco rallentando.....

non vibrato

f poco f mf mp

f poco f mf mp

f non vibrato f poco f mf mp

Cl. 2 div. (Cl. 2 divisi into both octave D's here) f poco f mf mp

tutti > n.v. piu f mf mp

tutti > non vibrato f poco f mf mp

tutti > non vibrato f poco f mf mp

poco rallentando.....

non vibrato f poco f mf mp

a2 > non vibrato f poco f mf mp

non vibrato f poco f mf mp

mf > mp f poco f mf mp

Sus. Cym. let ring

let ring

Ee Andante moderato ♩ = 70

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1 & 2

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2 & 3

371 372 373 374 375

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1

A. Sx. 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

Tuba 1&2

376 377 378 379

Ff

Picc.

(No more than Two Players)

Fl. 1 *mp non vibrato*

Fl. 2 *mp non vibrato*

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 *p* *pp* *p* *pp*

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭ *mp* *p*

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

Ff

Hn. 1 & 2 *solo* *mp cantabile* *mf* *mp* *mf*

T. Tpt. 1 2,3,&4

Hn. 1 & 2 3 & 4

T. Trb. 1, 2, & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2 *(One Player)*

Opt. S.B.

Cym. *mp* *Bell Tree* *mp*

Picc.

(No more than Two Players)

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

p (No more than Two Players)

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1

English Horn Cue

② (Two Players)

① (One Player per part)

Play

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1
2,3&4

Hn. 1 Solo

(* Dotted Slur Indicates Phrase Marking)

Tr. I

Trb. 1, 2,
& 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

molto ritard.....

Gg A tempo ♩ = c. 70

soli

mp *espressivo*

p *mp*

pp

soli

pp

soli

p

pp

soli

pp

mp *non vibrato*

solo

p

solo

p

2 (Two Players)-espressivo

niente

pp

1 (One Player)

pp

1 (One Player)

pp

niente

Trp. 1 St. Mute

pp

Hn. 1 Solo

(* Dotted Slur Indicates Phrase Marking)

p

soli

mf

p

mp

pp

Trb. 1 St. Mute

pp

One Tuba plays only in absence of Contra Bass Cl.

pp

niente

Small Triangle *let ring*

p

389

390

391

392

393

molto ritard.....

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob. 1

Ob. 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1, 2, 3, & 4

Hn. 1 & 2, 3 & 4

Trb. 1, 2, & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

molto ritard.....

Hn. 1 Solo

mf

mp

Largo lagrimoso ♩ = c. 42*poco ritard.....*

Picc. Fl. 1 & 2 Ob. 1 & 2 E. Hn. Bsn. 1 & 2 B♭ Cl. 1 & 2 B♭ Cl. 3 B. Cl. C. B. Cl. in B♭ A. Sx. 1 & 2 T. Sx. B. Sx.

pp **5** **4** **4** **2**

pp **4** **4** *solo* *mf* **4** **2**

pp **5** **4** *English Horn Cue solo* *mf* **4** **2**

mp **4** **4** *dolce quasi hn.* *mp* **4** **2**

Senza *Trp. 1 Solo* *mp* *dolce quasi hn.* *pp* *mp* **4** **2**

p **5** **4** *dolce* *mp* **4** **2**

Senza *Trb. 1, 2, & 3 Solo* *mp* *dolce quasi hn.* *mp* *mp* **4** **2**

mf **5** **4** *solo* *mf* **4** **2**

Tuba 1&2 Opt. S.B. Cym. Mallets Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

pp **5** **4** *Bell Tree* *mp* **4** **2**

pp **4** *Small Triangle* *let ring* *Glock.* *mf* *let ring* **4** **2**

pp **4** *let ring* **4** *let ring* **4** **2**

Hh **Andante** ♩ = 60 (*Dotted Slur Indicates Phrase Marking)

soli °1 (One Player)

mp molto espressivo

p espressivo °1 (One Player)

°1 (one player each part)

p espressivo

Soli with Fl. 1

mp molto espressivo

p espressivo

English Horn Cue

Alto Sax 1

pp

Hh Andante ♩ = 60

Trp. 1

pp

pp

401 **402** **403** **404** **405**

(*Dotted Slur Indicates Phrase Marking)

tutti

tutti-espressivo

mf

mf tutti

mf espressivo tutti

mf espressivo

mf

tutti

tutti

mf espressivo

mf espressivo

mf

tutti

tutti

mf espressivo

mf

gradual poco ritard.

mf

gradual poco ritard.

406 **407** **408** **409**

(* Dotted Slur Indicates Phrase Marking)

continuing poco ritard.....

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1

A. Sx. 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1
2,3,&4

Hn. 1

Hn. 2

Hn. 3

Hn. 4

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Ii Meno mosso $\text{♩} = \text{c. } 50$

(All voices cresc. throughou this measure)

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

Ii Meno mosso $\text{♩} = \text{c. } 50$

1st Trp. mf non cresc. non vibrato

3rd Trp. mf non cresc. non vibrato

Hn. 1 & 2

Hn. 3 & 4

Trb. 1

Trb. 2 & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Timpani

Cymbals

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

G.P. **Adagio** ♩ = c. 48

Picc. 2 4 5 4

Fl. 1 °1 (One Player) p

Fl. 2 °1 (One Player) p <>

Ob. 1 °1 (One Player) p <>

E. Hn. °1 (One Player) pp <>

Bsn. 1 & 2 Bsn. 1 °1 (One Player) pp <>

B♭ Cl. 1 °1 (One Player) mp

B♭ Cl. 2 °1 (One Player) p <>

B♭ Cl. 3 °1 (One Player) pp <>

B. Cl. °1 (One Player) pp <>

C. B. Cl. in B♭ 2 4 5 4 ppp

A. Sx. 1 A. Sx. 1 English Horn Cue pp <>

T. Sx. 4 4 4 4

B. Sx. 4 4 4 4

G.P. Adagio ♩ = c. 48 ritard.....

B♭ Tpt. 1 2,3,&4

Hn. 1 & 2 3 & 4

Trb. 1, 2, & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2 °1 (One Player)

Opt. S.B. 2 4 5 4 ppp

Timp. 4 4 4 4

Cym.

Mallets 4 4 4 4

Glockenspiel

3rd Movement

Maestoso ♩ = c. 80 (2+2+2)

Maestoso ♩ = c. 80

Maestoso ♩ = c. 80

422 423 424 425 426 427

(* Dotted Slur Indicates Phrase Marking)
Molto Sostenuto

3
4
3
4
3
4

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1 2,3&4

Hn. 1 & 2

Hn. 3 & 4

Trb. 1 & 2

Trb. 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Tim.

Cym.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

let ring

Crash Cym.

Tam-tam

Glock.

let ring

let ring

dampen Tam-tam

let ring

* If using only one percussionist to perform the cymbal part, a loud suspended cymbal can be substituted for the crash cymbal from measure 435 to measure 470 to facilitate the execution by one player.

From Letter Jj to Letter Oo Eighth Note Equals Eighth Note from Measure to Measure

75

(2+2+2)

Jj

From Letter Jj to Letter Oo Eighth Note Equals Eighth Note from Measure to Measure

Picc.

a2

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1
2 & 3

B. Cl.

B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1
2,3,&4

Hn. 1 & 2

Hn. 3 & 4

Trb. 1 & 2

Trb. 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Timp.

Mallets

Glock.

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

Picc.

a2

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1
2 & 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3

B♭ Tpt. 4

Hn. 1 & 3

(Hn. 2 & 4)

a2

Trb. 1 & 2

Trb. 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Timp.

Cym.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

Tam-tam

Glock.

Crash Cym.

let ring

ff

dampen

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3

B♭ Tpt. 4

(Hn. 1 & 3)

(Hn. 2 & 4)

a2

Trb. 1 & 2

Trb. 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Tim.

Cym.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 2 & 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3

B♭ Tpt. 4

Hn. 1 & 2 3 & 4

Trb. 1

Trb. 2 & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Tim.

Cym.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

470 471 472 473 474

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3

B♭ Tpt. 4

Hn. 1 & 4

Hn. 2 & 3

Trb. 1, 2 & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Tim.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

482 483 484 485 486 487 488 489

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2 & 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3

B♭ Tpt. 4

Hn. 1 & 4

Hn. 2 & 3

Trb. 1, 2, & 3

Trb. 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Tim.

Cym.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

Nn

4

8

Nn

4

8

(Hn. 1 & 4)

(Hn. 2 & 3)

a2

a2

Glock.

Crash Cym.

dampen

let ring

ff

dampen

Becker

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2 & 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1 2,3,&4

Hn. 1 & 2

Hn. 3 & 4

Trb. 1, 2, & 3

Trb. 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Timp.

Cym.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

poco accel.....

Picc. **2** **3** //

Fl. 1 & 2 **4** **3** **4** //

Ob. 1 & 2 **4** **3** **4** //

E. Hn. **4** **3** **4** //

Bsn. 1 & 2 **4** **3** **4** //

B♭ Cl. 1 2 & 3 **4** **3** **4** //

B. Cl. **4** **3** **4** //

C. B. Cl. in B♭ **4** **3** **4** //

A. Sx. 1 & 2 **4** **3** **4** //

T. Sx. **4** **3** **4** //

B. Sx. **4** **3** **4** //

B♭ Tpt. 1 2,3,&4 **4** **3** **4** //

Hn. 1 & 2 **4** **3** **4** //

Hn. 3 & 4 **4** **3** **4** //

Trb. 1, 2, & 3 **4** **3** **4** //

Eup. 1&2 **4** **3** **4** //

Tuba 1&2 **4** **3** **4** //

Opt. S.B. **4** **3** **4** //

Timp. **4** dampen **3** **4** //

Cym. **4** Tam-tam **3** **4** //

Mallets **4** Glock. **3** **4** //

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr. **4** dampen **3** **4** dampen //

Oo A tempo appassionato ♩ = c. 78 (* Dotted Slur Indicates Phrase Marking)

Fl. 1 solo *A piacere* * English Horn Cue

Ob. 1 * solo *mf* espressivo

E. Hn. * solo *mf* espressivo

Bsn. 1 & 2 * solo *mf* espressivo

B♭ Cl. 1 * solo *mf* espressivo

B♭ Cl. 2 & 3 * solo *p* dolce

B. Cl. * solo *mp* dolce

Mallets * solo *mp* dolce

Oo A tempo appassionato ♩ = c. 78

506

507

508

509

510

511

molto ritard....

(* Dotted Slur Indicates Phrase Marking)

Fl. 1 * solo *mf* espressivo

Fl. 2 * solo *mf* espressivo

E. Hn. * solo *mf* espressivo

Bsn. 1 & 2 * solo *mf* espressivo

B♭ Cl. 1 * solo *mf* espressivo

B♭ Cl. 2 * solo *p*

B♭ Cl. 3 * solo *p*

B. Cl. * solo *mf* espressivo

A. Sx. 1 & 2 * solo *mf* espressivo

Cym. * solo *mf* espressivo

English Horn Cue

molto ritard.... Sus. Cym.

512

513

514

515

516

517

518

Sus. Cym. Soft Mallets

Pp Andante tranquillo $\text{♩} = \text{c. } 52$ (* Dotted Slur Indicates Phrase Marking)

Picc. mp **3** p $\circledcirc 1 \text{ (One Player)} \text{ soli}$ **4** mf *espressivo* p **3**

Fl. 1 $\text{mp} \geq \text{pp}$ $\circledcirc 1 \text{ (One Player)}$ **4** dolce p $\text{mp} \geq \text{p}$ **3**

Fl. 2 sololo p **4** pp mp p **3**

Ob. 1 mf espressivo p $\circledcirc 1 \text{ (One Player)} \text{ soli}$ **4** pp mp p **3**

Ob. 2 mf *espressivo* **4** p mp p **3**

E. Hn. p **4** mp p p **3**

Bsn. 1 & 2 $\text{p} \geq \text{pp}$ $\circledcirc 1 \text{ (One Player)} \text{ Bsn. 2}$ **4** pp niente p p **3**

(* Dotted Slur Indicates Phrase Marking)

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2 p **3** niente

B♭ Cl. 3 dolce **4** niente

B. Cl. $\text{mp} \geq \text{p}$ **3** pp niente **4** niente **3**

C. B. Cl. in B♭ p $\circledcirc 1 \text{ (One Player)}$ **4** pp niente **3**

A. Sx. 1 & 2 p English Horn Cue **4** mp p **3**

T. Sx. **4**

B. Sx. **4**

Pp Andante tranquillo $\text{♩} = \text{c. } 52$

B♭ Tpt. 1 2,3,&4

Hn. 1 & 2 3 & 4 Hn. 1 dolce $\text{mp} \geq \text{p}$

Trb. 1,2, & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2 **3** **4** **3**

Opt. S.B. pp **4** niente

Cym. Sus. Cym. mp **4** Glockenspiel p **3**

Mallets

(* Dotted Slur Indicates Phrase Marking)

poco rit.

solo

mp appassionato *mf*

p *°1 (One Player)*

°1 (One Player)

mp appassionato *mf*

°1 (One Player)

mp appassionato *mf*

appassionato

espressivo

mp *p* *mf*

p *°1 (One Player)*

p *°1 (One Player)*

°1 (One Player)

mp *p* *mf*

pp

gradual cresc.....

pp

gradual cresc.....

appassionato *mf*

°1 (One Player)

mp *p*

pp

°1 (One Player)

mp *p* *mf*

p

pp

gradual cresc.....

pp

poco rit.

mp *p*

pp

gradual cresc.....

pp

gradual cresc.....

°1 (One Player)

mp

mp *p*

gradual cresc.....

pp

Glock.
let ring

Qq **Presto** $\text{♩} = \text{c. } 154$

Picc. *f*

Fl. 1 & 2 *f*

Ob. 1 & 2 *f*

E. Hn. *f*

Bsn. 1 & 2 *tutti* *poco leggiero* *mp*

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2 *f* *a2* *mp* *tutti*

B♭ Cl. 3 *f* *mp* *tutti*

B. Cl. *f* *mp* *tutti*

C. B. Cl. in B♭ *f* *mp* *soli* *tutti*

A. Sx. 1 & 2 *f*

T. Sx. *f*

B. Sx. *f* *poco leggiero*

Qq **Presto** $\text{♩} = \text{c. } 154$

B♭ Tpt. 1 2,3,&4 *mf*

Hn. 1 & 2 *f*

Hn. 3 & 4 *f*

Trb. 1, 2, & 3 *a2* *Trb. 1 & 2* *f* *poco leggiero*

Eup. 1&2 *mf* *(One Player)*

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B. *f* *Pizz.* *mp*

Mallets *Xylophone soli* *f*

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr. *f* *mp*

(* Dotted Slur Indicates Phrase Marking)

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2 & 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1 & 2

B♭ Tpt. 3 & 4

Hn. 1 & 3

Hn. 2 & 4

Trb. 1, 2, & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

3
4

(Hn. 1 & 3 a2 Soli)

(Hn. 2 & 4 a2 Soli)

tutti Soli

Soli tutti

Arco Soli

Xylophone

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1

B♭ Cl. 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3

B♭ Tpt. 4

Hn. 1 & 3

Hn. 2 & 4

Trb. 1, 2, & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Timp.

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

($\text{D}=\text{C}$)

Rr

Picc. *Soli* *f*

Fl. 1 & 2 *mf*

Ob. 1 & 2 *mf*

E. Hn. *f*

Bsn. 1 & 2 *soli with trbs.* *piu f*

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2 *a2* *f* *piu f* ** Soli*

B♭ Cl. 3 *f English Horn Cue*

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2 *a2* *f*

T. Sx.

B. Sx. *mf*

Rr *mf* *a2 Soli Trp. 1 & 2* *f*

B♭ Tpt. 1 & 2 *a2* *ff* *a2 soli Trp. 3 & 4* *piu f*

B♭ Trp. 3 & B♭ Trp. 4 *ff* *(Hn. 1 & 3 a2 Soli)* *(Hn. 2 & 4 a2 Soli)* *piu f*

Hn. 1 & 3 *ff* *f*

Hn. 2 & 4 *a2* *ff* *a2* *piu f*

Trb. 1 & 2 *mf* *a2* *soli with bsn.* *piu f*

Trb. 3 *mf*

Eup. 1&2 *Soli* *f*

Tuba 1&2 *mf*

Opt. S.B. *Pizz.* *mf*

Mallets *Xylophone* *mf*

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr. *ff* *mf*

(* Dotted Slur Indicates Phrase Marking)

(* Dotted Slur Indicates Phrase Marking)

Musical score for orchestra, page 94. The score includes parts for Picc., Fl. 1 & 2, Ob. 1, Ob. 2, E. Hn., Bsn. 1 & 2, B♭ Cl. 1 & 2, B♭ Cl. 3, B. Cl., C. B. Cl. in B♭, A. Sx. 1 & 2, T. Sx., B. Sx., B♭ Tpt. 1 & 2, B♭ Trp. 3 & 4, Hn. 1 & 3, Hn. 2 & 4, Trb. 1 & 2, Trb. 3, Eup. 1 & 2, Tuba 1 & 2, Opt. S.B., Timp., and Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

The score features a series of measures with musical notation and performance instructions. Large black numbers (3, 2, 6, 4, 4, 4) are overlaid on the score, likely indicating rehearsal marks or performance counts. Key performance instructions include *f*, *ff*, *mf*, *Play*, *piu f*, *a2*, *Ttrp. 3 & 4*, *(Hn. 1 & 3)*, *(Hn. 2 & 4)*, *Arco*, *piu f*, *div.*, and *f*.

Ss (2+2+2) Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

Ss

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3 & 4

Hn. 1 & 2

Hn. 3 & 4

Trb. 1 & 2

Trb. 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Tim.

Cym.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

Musical score for orchestra and percussion, page 99, measures 581-585.

Measure 581: Picc., Fl. 1 & 2, Ob. 1 & 2, E. Hn., Bsn. 1 & 2 play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon 1 & 2 are silent.

Measure 582: Picc., Fl. 1 & 2, Ob. 1 & 2, E. Hn., Bsn. 1 & 2 play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon 1 & 2 play eighth-note patterns.

Measure 583: Picc., Fl. 1 & 2, Ob. 1 & 2, E. Hn., Bsn. 1 & 2 play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon 1 & 2 play eighth-note patterns. B. Cl. and C. B. Cl. in B♭ are silent.

Measure 584: Picc., Fl. 1 & 2, Ob. 1 & 2, E. Hn., Bsn. 1 & 2 play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon 1 & 2 play eighth-note patterns. B. Cl. and C. B. Cl. in B♭ are silent. A. Sx. 1 & 2, T. Sx., B. Sx., B♭ Tpt. 1, and B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3 play eighth-note patterns. B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3 play eighth-note patterns. Hn. 1 & 2 and Hn. 3 & 4 play eighth-note patterns. Trb. 1, 2, & 3 are silent. Opt. S.B. is silent. Timpani play eighth-note patterns. Crash Cym. is played. Xylophone is played. Mallets play eighth-note patterns. Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr. play eighth-note patterns.

Measure 585: Picc., Fl. 1 & 2, Ob. 1 & 2, E. Hn., Bsn. 1 & 2 play eighth-note patterns. Bassoon 1 & 2 play eighth-note patterns. B. Cl. and C. B. Cl. in B♭ are silent. A. Sx. 1 & 2, T. Sx., B. Sx., B♭ Tpt. 1, and B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3 play eighth-note patterns. B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3 play eighth-note patterns. Hn. 1 & 2 and Hn. 3 & 4 play eighth-note patterns. Trb. 1, 2, & 3 are silent. Opt. S.B. is silent. Timpani play eighth-note patterns. Crash Cym. is played. Xylophone is played. Mallets play eighth-note patterns. Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr. play eighth-note patterns.

Ww

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2 *alla chorale f*

Ob. 1 & 2 *f*

E. Hn. *f*

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2 *f*

B♭ Cl. 3 *f*

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2 *f*

T. Sx. *f*

B. Sx.

Ww

B♭ Tpt. 1 *alla chorale*

B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3 & 4 *alla chorale*

Hn. 1 & 2 *alla chorale*

Hn. 3 & 4 *alla chorale*

Trb. 1, 2, & 3 *a3 più f alla chorale*

Eup. 1&2 *pium f alla chorale*

Tuba 1&2 *pium f alla chorale*

Opt. S.B. *pium f alla chorale*

Tim.

Mallets *Xylophone f*

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr. *f*

Picc. *ff* *poco f* 3 *piu f / mf*
 Fl. 1 & 2 *poco f* *ff* 2
 Ob. 1 & 2 *poco f* *ff* 4
 E. Hn. *ff* *poco f* *ff* 4
 Bsn. 1 & 2 *ff* 3 3 4
 B♭ Cl. 1 & 2 *poco f* *ff* 4
 B♭ Cl. 3 *ff* *poco f* *ff* 4
 B. Cl. *ff* 3 3 4
 C. B. Cl. in B♭ *ff* 3 3 4
 A. Sx. 1 & 2 *poco f* *ff* 2
 T. Sx. *ff* *poco f* 3 4
 B. Sx. *ff* 3 3 4
 B♭ Tpt. 1 *ff* *poco f* 4
 B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3 & 4 *ff* *poco f* 4 *Trp. 2 & 3* *piu f*
 Hn. 1 & 2 *ff* *poco f* 4 *piu f*
 Hn. 3 & 4 *ff* *poco f* 4 *piu f*
 Trb. 1, 2, & 3 *a3* *ff* 4
 Eup. 1&2 *ff* 3 3 4
 Tuba 1&2 *ff* 3 3 4
 Opt. S.B. *ff* 3 3 4
 Timp. *ff* 3 3 4
 Crash Cym. *ff* *let ring* 3 2
 Cym. *ff* *Xylophone* *ff* 4
 Mallets *ff* 3 3 4
 Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr. *ff* 3 3 4

Xx

Picc. alla chorale *f*

Fl. 1 & 2 *piu f / mf*

Ob. 1 & 2 *f* *piu f*

E. Hn. *f* *piu f*

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2 *f* *piu f*

B♭ Cl. 3 *f* *piu f*

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2 *f* *piu f*

T. Sx. *f* *piu f*

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1 **Xx** *alla chorale* *piu f / mf* *poco f*

B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3 & 4 *alla chorale* *piu f / mf* *poco f*

Hn. 1 & 2 *alla chorale* *piu f / mf* *poco f*

Hn. 3 & 4 *alla chorale* *piu f / mf* *poco f*

Trb. 1, 2, & 3 *a3* *piu f alla chorale* *piu f / mf* *poco f*

Eup. 1&2 *piu f alla chorale* *piu f / mf* *poco f*

Tuba 1&2 *piu f alla chorale* *piu f / mf* *poco f*

Opt. S.B. *piu f alla chorale* *piu f / mf* *poco f*

Tim. *f* *pp* *non tremolo* *mp* *mf*

Cym. *Crash Cym.* *poco f* *f*

Mallets **Xylophone** *f* *piu f* *8va* *piu f*

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr. *f* *poco f*

picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3 & 4

Hn. 1 & 2

Hn. 3 & 4

Trb. 1, 2, & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Tim.

Cym.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

a2

ff *piu forza*

marcato sostenuto

Trp. 2

Trp. 3 & 4 *marcato sostenuto*

a2

marcato sostenuto

a2

marcato sostenuto

a2

a1

ff *piu forza* *marcato sostenuto*

let ring

Xylophone

(8^{va})

solo

Crash Cym.

ff

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3 & 4

Hn. 1 & 2

Hn. 3 & 4

Trb. 1, 2, & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Timp.

Cym.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

Zz

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3 & 4

Hn. 1 & 2

Hn. 3 & 4

Trb. 1, 2, & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Tim.

Cym.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

Zz

Trp. 2

Trp. 3 & 4

(Hn. 1 & 3)

a2

(Hn. 2 & 4)

a2

a1

Crash Cym. ***ff***

Xylophone

(8va)

Tam-tam

piu f

ff

Picc.

Fl. 1 & 2

Ob. 1 & 2

E. Hn.

Bsn. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 1 & 2

B♭ Cl. 3

B. Cl.

C. B. Cl. in B♭

A. Sx. 1 & 2

T. Sx.

B. Sx.

B♭ Tpt. 1

B♭ Tpt. 2 & 3 & 4

Hn. 1 & 2

Hn. 3 & 4

Trb. 1, 2, & 3

Eup. 1&2

Tuba 1&2

Opt. S.B.

Tim.

Cym.

Mallets

Sn. Dr. & Bass Dr.

Jim Beckel Music